(i) Sheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes (SC/ST)	25%
(ii) Physically Handicapped Category (PH)	7½%

Physically Handicapped/Government personnel (other than Defence Personnel) Disabled on duty/Widows of Govt. Personnel (other than Defence Personnel) who die in the course of duty.

(iii) Defence Category (DEF)	7½%

(1) Defence Personnel who are permanently and severely disabled either in waror on military duty during peace time;

(2) Widows and motherless dependants of Defence Personnel whose Husbands/Guardians are killed while on military duty either in war or peace. In case of unmarried personnel (or widower without children) dying while on duty, the next of Kin as follows will be eligible.

I. Parents (Father, Mother)

II. Brother

III. Unmarried Sister

(3) Extremely deserving cases of Ex-servicemen who have no means of livelihood (only such cases will be considered under this category as are recommended by the Directorate General of Resettlement/Defence Ministry)

(iv) Freedom Fighters (FF)	5%
(v) Others (O)	55%

(b) Yes, Sir. Up to the Annual LPG Marketing Plan 1988-89, oil companies have planned to set up 42 new LPG distributorships in the Union Territory of Delhi. These are at various stages of processing. In view of the various steps that precede the commissioning of an LPG distributorship, it is not possible to indicate when these would actually be commissioned;

(c) No, Sir. Other than what is provided under Defence Category in part (a) above, there is no other proposal under the consideration of the Government at present.

Installed capacity of tyre manufacturing in the country

2974. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) what is the installed capacity of tyre manufacturing in the country, plant-wise in each State; and

(b) whether any fresh capacity has been sanctioned, if so, what are the names of the parties, capacity-wise

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) The licensed/

installed capacity of tyre manufacturing, plant-wise in each State is as under:

(Fig. in lakhs/annum)

State/Unit	Licensed/ installed capacity
Andhra Pradesh	
M/s. Stallion Tyres	15.00
Goa	
M/s. MRG Ltd.	15.00
Haryana	
M/s. Goodyear India Ltd.	11.74
Karnataka	
M/s. Falcon Tyres Ltd.	15.00
M/s. Vikrant Tyres Ltd.	15.00
Kerala	
M/s. Apollo Tyres Ltd.	15.00
M/s. MRF Ltd.	15.00
M/s. Premier Tyres Ltd.	6.00
M/s. KTC Tyres	5.00
Maharashtra	
M/s. Bombay Tyres International Ltd.	15.00
M/s. Ceat Tyres of India Ltd., Bombay	10.10
M/s. Ceat Tyres of India Ltd. Nasik	15.00
M/s. Balkrishna Industries Ltd., Bombay	20.00
Madhya Pradesh	
M/s Wearwell Tyres & Tubes India (P) Ltd.	6.00
M/s. S. Kumar Tyre Mfg. Co. Ltd.	2.50
Orissa	
M/s. Birla Tyres	15.00
Punjab	
M/s. Metro Tyres Ltd.	3.00
M/s. Hindustan Cycles Ltd.	3.00
Rajasthan	
M/s J.K. Industries Ltd.	13.14
Tamil Nadu	
M/s. Dunlop India Ltd.	10.14
M/s. MRF Ltd.	15.00
M/s. Srichakra Tyres Ltd.	9.00
Uttar Pradesh	
M/s. Modi Rubber Ltd.	18.02
M/s. U.P. Tyres & Tubes Ltd.	5.30
West Bengal	
M/s. Dunlop India Ltd.	15.00
M/s. Tyres Corporation of Ltd.	5.00

(b) The names of the parties, capacity-wise, which have been sanctioned fresh capacity are as under: —

(llakh nos. per annum)

Name of the Unit	Capacity
M/s. Ankur Rubber Ltd. Hyderabad	6.00
M/s. Tamilnadu Rubber Ltd.	10.00
M/s. R. K. Tiwari, Kanpur Dehat	10.00
M/s. Rustom Tyres Ltd., Ankleshwar	10.00
M/s. R.P. Chabaria, Poona	10.00
M/s. Andhra Pradesh Automobile Tyres and Tubes Ltd., Hyderabad	10.00
M/s. Surya Kant Patel, Rajkot	10.00
M/s. Gujarat Tyres Ltd.	10.00
M/s. Apollo Tyres Ltd., Punjab	8.25

(Lakh Nos. per annum)

Name of Unit	Capacity
M/s. Krishna V. Kothari, Maharashtra	7.50
M/s. Larsen & Toubro, Baroch	10.00
M/s. Transporters Combine, New Delhi	15.00
M/s. Punjab State Industrial Development Corporation Ltd.	15.00
M/s. Dewan Tyres Ltd.	15.00
M/s. N. Krishna Mohan, Andhra Pradesh	20.00
M/s. R. K. Jain	15.00

K.V.I.C. entering new industrial sector

2975. PROF. C. LAKSHMANNA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Khadi and Village Industries Commission (KVIC) which is at present limited to traditional industries plans to enter other industries also;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) whether this change in policy is a basic departure from the 'man' based khadi and Village Industries approach; and

(d) what will be its impact on rural employment?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) 34 new village industries have been taken up by the KVIC for development in the KVI Sector from the current year (1988-89). A list of the new industries is annexed. (*See* Statement below)

(c) No, Sir.

(d) The inclusion of new industries under the purview of KVIC will open up new areas of employment for the rural population by creating additional jobs.

Statement

IDENTIFIED NEW INDUSTRIES FOR 1988-89

GROUP—I MINERAL BASED INDUSTRY

1. Stone cutting, crushing, carving and engraving for Temples and Buildings.

2. Utility articles made out of stone.

GROUP—II FOREST BASED INDUSTRY

3. Manufacture of paper cups, plates, bags and other paper containers.

4. Manufacture of exercise books, book-binding, envelope-making, register making including all other stationery items made out of paper.

5. Khus tattis and broom making.

6. Collection, Processing and Packing of Forest Produce.

7. Photo framing.

GROUP—III AGRO BASED AND FOOD INDUSTRY

8. Pithwork, manufacture of Pith Mats and Garlands etc.

9. Cashew Processing.

10. Leaf cup making.

GROUP—IV POLYMER-AND CHEMICAL BASED INDUSTRY

11. Products out of Rexin, PVC etc.

12. Horn and bone including ivory products.

13. Candle, Camphor and sealing wax making.

GROUP—V ENGINEERING AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY

14. Manufacture of paper pins, clips, safety pins, stove pins etc.

15. Manufacture of decorative bulbs, bottles, glass etc.

16. Umbrella assembling.

17. Solar and Wind energy implements.